RELIEF FROM JUDGMENT OR ORDER

RULE 71

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A Clerical mistakes. Clerical mistakes in judgments, orders, or other parts of the record and

errors therein arising from oversight or omission may be corrected by the court at any time on its

own motion or on the motion of any party and after such notice to all parties who have appeared,

if any, as the court orders. During the pendency of an appeal, a judgment may be corrected as

provided in subsection (2) of section B of this rule.

B Mistakes; inadvertence; excusable neglect; newly discovered evidence, etc.

B(1) By motion. On motion and upon such terms as are just, the court may relieve a party or

such party's legal representative from a judgment for the following reasons: (a) mistake,

inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (b) newly discovered evidence which by due

diligence could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 64 F; (c)

fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or other

misconduct of an adverse party; (d) the judgment is void; or (e) the judgment has been satisfied,

released, or discharged, or a prior judgment upon which it is based has been reversed or

otherwise vacated, or it is no longer equitable that the judgment should have prospective

application. A motion for reasons (a), (b), and (c) shall be accompanied by a pleading or motion

under Rule 21 A which contains an assertion of a claim or defense. The motion shall be made

within a reasonable time, and for reasons (a), (b), and (c) not more than one year after receipt of

notice by the moving party of the judgment. A copy of a motion filed within one year after the

entry of the judgment shall be served on all parties as provided in Rule 9 B, and all other motions

filed under this rule shall be served as provided in Rule 7. A motion under this section does not

affect the finality of a judgment or suspend its operation.

B(2) When appeal pending. A motion under sections A or B may be filed with and decided

by the trial court during the time an appeal from a judgment is pending before an appellate court.

The moving party shall serve a copy of the motion on the appellate court. The moving party shall

file a copy of the trial court's order in the appellate court within seven days of the date of the trial court order. Any necessary modification of the appeal required by the court order shall be pursuant to rule of the appellate court. C Relief from judgment by other means. This rule does not limit the inherent power of a court to modify a judgment within a reasonable time, or the power of a court to entertain an independent action to relieve a party from a judgment, or the power of a court to grant relief to a defendant under Rule 7 D(6)(f), or the power of a court to set aside a judgment for fraud upon the court. D Writs and bills abolished. Writs of coram nobis, coram vobis, audita querela, bills of review, and bills in the nature of a bill of review are abolished, and the procedure for obtaining any relief from a judgment shall be by motion or by an independent action.